

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

**This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:**

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. (Original) An optical sheet comprising:  
  
a retardation film; and  
  
a transparent layer provided on one of opposite surfaces of said retardation film;  
  
wherein said retardation film exhibits  $N_z = (n_x - n_z)/(n_x - n_y)$  in a range of from 0.6 to 0.9 and  $(n_x - n_y)d$  in a range of from 200 to 350 nm in which  $d$  is a thickness of said retardation film,  $n_z$  is a refractive index in a direction of a Z axis expressing a direction of the thickness  $d$  of said retardation film,  $n_x$  is a refractive index in a direction of an X axis expressing a direction of said retardation film in a plane perpendicular to said Z axis while said X axis also expresses a direction of the highest in-plane refractive index, and  $n_y$  is a refractive index in a direction of a Y axis expressing a direction of said retardation film perpendicular both to said Z axis and to said X axis; and  
  
wherein said transparent layer has a thickness not larger than 10  $\mu\text{m}$  and exhibits refractive index anisotropy of  $n_x \approx n_y > n_z$ .
2. (Original) An optical sheet according to claim 1, wherein said transparent layer is made of a coating film of an organic material.

3. (Original) An optical sheet according to claim 1, wherein said transparent layer is constituted by a cholesteric liquid-crystal layer.

4. (Currently Amended) A polarizer comprising:  
~~a laminate of~~ an optical sheet ~~according to claim 1;~~ and  
a polarizing film disposed on said optical sheet,  
said optical sheet optical sheet comprising:  
a retardation film; and  
a transparent layer provided on one of opposite surfaces of said retardation film;  
wherein said retardation film exhibits  $N_z = (n_x - n_z)/(n_x - n_y)$  in a range of from  
0.6 to 0.9 and  $(n_x - n_y)d$  in a range of from 200 to 350 nm in which d is a thickness of  
said retardation film,  $n_z$  is a refractive index in a direction of a Z axis expressing a  
direction of the thickness d of said retardation film,  $n_x$  is a refractive index in a direction  
of an X axis expressing a direction of said retardation film in a plane perpendicular to  
said Z axis while said X axis also expresses a direction of the highest in-plane refractive  
index, and  $n_y$  is a refractive index in a direction of a Y axis expressing a direction of said  
retardation film perpendicular both to said Z axis and to said X axis; and  
wherein said transparent layer has a thickness not larger than 10  $\mu\text{m}$  and exhibits  
refractive index anisotropy of  $n_x \neq n_y > n_z$ .

5. (Original) A polarizer according to claim 4, wherein said polarizing film is disposed on a side of said optical sheet opposite to the transparent layer side of said optical sheet so that said X axis direction of said retardation film of said optical sheet is parallel with an axis of absorption of said retardation film.

6. (Currently Amended) A liquid-crystal display device comprising:  
a vertically oriented liquid-crystal cell; and  
a pair of polarizers each ~~according to claim 5~~ comprising an optical sheet and a polarizing film disposed on said optical sheet, said pair of polarizers being provided on opposite sides of said cell;

wherein a transparent layer in each of said pair of polarizers is positioned on corresponding one of opposite sides of said cell; and

wherein said pair of polarizers provided on said opposite sides of said cell are disposed in the form of crossed-Nicol,

said optical sheet optical sheet comprising:

a retardation film; and

a transparent layer provided on one of opposite surfaces of said retardation film;

wherein said retardation film exhibits  $N_z = (n_x - n_z)/(n_x - n_y)$  in a range of from 0.6 to 0.9 and  $(n_x - n_y)d$  in a range of from 200 to 350 nm in which d is a thickness of said retardation film, n<sub>z</sub> is a refractive index in a direction of a Z axis expressing a direction of the thickness d of said retardation film, n<sub>x</sub> is a refractive index in a direction

of an X axis expressing a direction of said retardation film in a plane perpendicular to said Z axis while said X axis also expresses a direction of the highest in-plane refractive index, and  $n_y$  is a refractive index in a direction of a Y axis expressing a direction of said retardation film perpendicular both to said Z axis and to said X axis; and

wherein said transparent layer has a thickness not larger than 10  $\mu\text{m}$  and exhibits refractive index anisotropy of  $n_x \doteq n_y > n_z$ .

7. (Original) A liquid-crystal display device according to claim 6, wherein a sum of absolute values of thicknesswise retardations each defined by a product of  $\{(n_x + n_y)/2 - n_z\}$  and a layer thickness of said transparent layer in each of said pair of polarizers disposed on the opposite sides of said liquid-crystal cell is in a range of from 0.5 times to 1.3 times as large as an absolute value of a thicknesswise retardation of said liquid-crystal cell.

8. (Currently Amended) A liquid-crystal display device comprising:  
a vertically oriented liquid-crystal cell;  
a pair of polarizers each ~~according to claim 5~~ comprising an optical sheet and a polarizing film disposed on said optical sheet, said pair of polarizers being disposed in the form of crossed-Nicol on opposite sides of said liquid-crystal cell; and  
at least one phase retarder disposed between said liquid-crystal cell and one or both of said polarizers;  
wherein said phase retarder exhibits refractive index anisotropy of  $n_x \doteq n_y > n_z$ ; and

wherein a sum of absolute values of thicknesswise retardations defined by a product of  $\{(n_x + n_y)/2 - n_z\}$  and a layer thickness of each of transparent layers of said polarizers disposed on said opposite sides of said liquid-crystal cell and an absolute value of a thicknesswise retardation of said phase retarder is in a range of from 0.5 times to 1.3 times as large as an absolute value of a thicknesswise retardation of said liquid-crystal cell,

said optical sheet comprising:

a retardation film; and

a transparent layer provided on one of opposite surfaces of said retardation film;

wherein said retardation film exhibits  $N_z = (n_x - n_z)/(n_x - n_y)$  in a range of from 0.6 to 0.9 and  $(n_x - n_y)d$  in a range of from 200 to 350 nm in which  $d$  is a thickness of said retardation film,  $n_z$  is a refractive index in a direction of a Z axis expressing a direction of the thickness  $d$  of said retardation film,  $n_x$  is a refractive index in a direction of an X axis expressing a direction of said retardation film in a plane perpendicular to said Z axis while said X axis also expresses a direction of the highest in-plane refractive index, and  $n_y$  is a refractive index in a direction of a Y axis expressing a direction of said retardation film perpendicular both to said Z axis and to said X axis; and

wherein said transparent layer has a thickness not larger than 10  $\mu\text{m}$  and exhibits refractive index anisotropy of  $n_x \div n_y > n_z$ .